

# Today's Plan:

**Learning Target (standard):** I will solve quadratic equations by completing the square.

**Students will:** Complete practice problems over previous concepts at the boards, put up homework problems on the board and make necessary corrections to their own work, take notes over new material and complete practice problems over new concepts.

**Teacher will:** Provide practice problems over previous concepts, check homework problems for accuracy and provide students feedback, describe and provide examples of new concepts and assign students assessment problems over new concepts.

**Assessment:** Board work, homework check and homework assignment

**Differentiation:** Students will work at the board, go over and correct homework at their seats, actively engage in lecture over new concepts, practice new concepts with the aid of other students and the teacher and complete homework assignment.

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ #13

**BELL RINGER**

$4y = 3x + 12$   $m = \frac{3}{4}$   
 $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 3$  Iy: (0,3)

1) Find the slope and y-intercept. What is the slope of a parallel line?  
 What is the slope of a perpendicular line?  
 $-3x + 4y = 12$   $m_{\perp} = -\frac{4}{3}$   $m_{\parallel} = \frac{3}{4}$

2.) Solve the inequality.  $|x - 1| > 4$  distance  
 Write the solution as a set and interval. Graph the solution.  
 $\{x \mid x < -3, x > 5\}$   $x - 1 < -4$   $x - 1 > 4$   
 $x < -3$   $x > 5$

3.) Write the sentence as an equation.  
 5 more than 6 times a number is -12.  
 $6x + 5 = -12$   $(-\infty, -3) \cup (5, \infty)$

$$4) n^2 - 20n + 66 = 0 \quad \frac{20}{2} = 10^2 = \underline{\underline{100}}$$

$$n^2 - \boxed{20}n + 100 = -66 + 100$$

$$\sqrt{(n-10)^2} = \pm \sqrt{34}$$

$$n-10 = 5.831, -5.831$$

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$$n = 15.831 \quad n = 4.169$$

$$n = 15.831, 4.169$$

$$8) n^2 + 10n - 23 = -10 \quad \frac{10}{2} = 5^2 = \underline{\underline{25}}$$

$$n^2 + \boxed{10}n + 25 = 13 + 25$$

$$\sqrt{(n+5)^2} = \pm \sqrt{38}$$

$$n+5 = 6.164, -6.164$$

$$n+5 = 6.164 \quad n+5 = -6.164$$

$$n = 1.164 \quad n = -11.164$$

$$n = 1.164, -11.164$$

Factor.

$$6x^2 - 41x + 30$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 180 \\ \wedge \\ -5 + -36 = -41 \end{array}$$

$$6x^2 - 5x - 36x + 30$$

$$x(6x-5) - 6(6x-5)$$

$$(6x-5)(x-6)$$

Solve by completing the square:

$$x^2 - 10x = 75$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 25 = 75 + 25$$

$$\frac{10}{2} = 5^2 = 25$$

$$\sqrt{(x-5)^2} = \pm \sqrt{100}$$

$$x-5 = 10, -10$$

$$x = 15, -5$$

Solve by completing the square:

$$c^2 - 4c = 21$$

$$\frac{4}{2} = 2^2 = 4$$

$$c^2 - 4c + 4 = 21 + 4$$

$$\sqrt{(c-2)^2} = \pm\sqrt{25}$$

$$c-2 = 5, -5$$

$$c = 7, -3$$

Solve by completing the square:

$$y^2 + 16y = 17$$

$$\frac{16}{2} = 8^2 = 64$$

$$y^2 + 16y + 64 = 17 + 64$$

$$\sqrt{(y+8)^2} = \pm\sqrt{81}$$

$$y+8 = 9, -9$$

$$y = 1, -17$$

Solve by completing the square:

$$r^2 + 8r + 12 = 0$$

$$r^2 + \boxed{8}r + 16 = -12 + 16$$

$$\frac{8}{2} = 4^2 = 16$$

$$\sqrt{(r+4)^2} = \pm \sqrt{4}$$

$$r+4 = 2, -2$$

$$r = -2, -6$$

Solve by factoring.

$$5x^2 + 21x = 20$$

$$5x^2 + 21x - 20 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ \wedge \\ 25 - 4 = 21 \end{array}$$

$$5x^2 + 25x - 4x - 20 = 0$$

$$5x(x+5) - 4(x+5) = 0$$

$$(x+5)(5x-4) = 0$$

$$x+5=0 \quad 5x-4=0$$

$$x=-5 \quad 5x=4$$

$$x = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$x = -5, \frac{4}{5}$$

Solve by completing the square.

$$-4x^2 - 48x - 80 = 0$$

$$\frac{-4x^2}{-4} - \frac{48x}{-4} = \frac{80}{-4} \quad \frac{12}{2} = 6^2 = 36$$

$$x^2 + 12x + 36 = -20 + 36$$

$$\sqrt{(x+6)^2} = \sqrt{16}$$

$$x+6 = 4, -4$$

$$x = -2, -10$$

Solve by completing the square:

$$p^2 - 6p = -5$$

$$\frac{6}{2} = 3^2 = 9$$

$$p^2 - 6p + 9 = -5 + 9$$

$$\sqrt{(p-3)^2} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$p-3 = 2, -2$$

$$p = 5, 1$$

Solve by completing the square.

$$-2x^2 + 28x - 26 = 0$$

$$\frac{-2x^2 + 28x}{-2} = \frac{26}{-2}$$

$$\frac{14}{2} = 7^2 = 49$$

$$x^2 - 14x + 49 = -13 + 49$$

$$\sqrt{(x-7)^2} = \sqrt{36}$$

$$x-7 = 6, -6$$

$$x = 13, 1$$

Solve by completing the square.

$$\frac{3x^2}{3} - \frac{6x}{3} = \frac{45}{3}$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 15 + 1 \quad \frac{2}{2} = 1^2 = 1$$

$$\sqrt{(x-1)^2} = \sqrt{16}$$

$$x-1 = 4, -4$$

$$x = 5, -3$$

Solve by factoring.

$$5b^2 - 9b = 2$$

$$5b^2 - 9b - 2 = 0$$

$$5b^2 + b - 10b - 2 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \wedge \\ 1 \quad -10 = -9 \end{array}$$

$$b(5b+1) - 2(5b+1) = 0$$

$$(5b+1)(b-2) = 0$$

$$5b+1=0$$

$$b-2=0$$

$$5b = -1$$

$$b = 2$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{5}, 2$$

Solve by taking square roots.

$$-6 - 9x^2 = -411$$

$$-9x^2 = -405$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{45}$$

$$x = 6.708, -6.708$$

# Assignment:

Completing the Square 1A

#1-8